# UNPACKING LIBRARY INSTRUCTIONAL VIDEO BEST PRACTICES



What do we assume about student learning? Madeline Donnelly | she/her

# UNPACKING LIBRARY INSTRUCTIONAL VIDEO BEST PRACTICES



Rethinking where videos fit within an information literacy programme. Madeline Donnelly | she/her

### WHAT THIS ISN'T





### WHAT THIS IS





### **THE PLAN**



What are current best practices? What are the outcomes of these best practices?



#### Videos and instruction



# WHAT ARE CURRENT BEST PRACTICES?



### **COMMON BEST PRACTICES**



## COMMON JUSTIFICATIONS

- Usability testing using focus groups
  - Common finding that students like quick and simple delivery of information
- Analysis of viewing patterns:
  - How long are users watching a video?
  - How many views does a video recieve?



# WHAT ARE OUTCOMES OF THESE BEST PRACTICES?

### **COMMON BEST PRACTICES**



### "CATEGORIES" OF VIDEOS

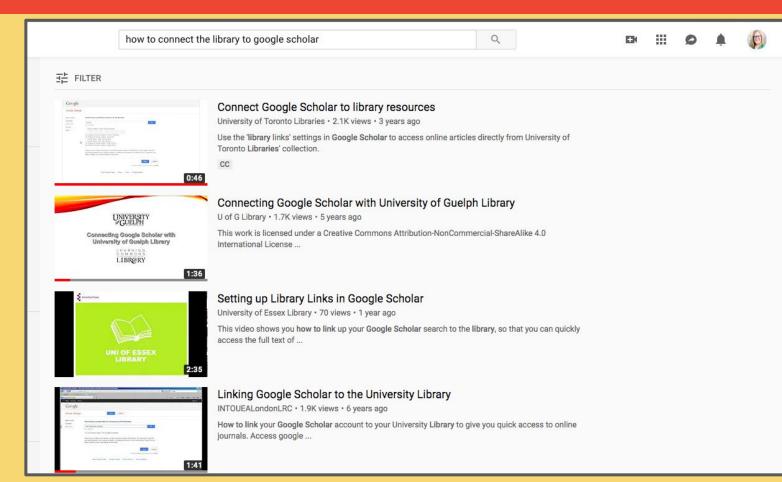
#### **GENERIC DIRECTIONAL**

#### SIMPLIFICATION OF COMPLICATED SKILLS AND CONCEPTS

### **GENERIC DIRECTIONAL**



### **GENERIC DIRECTIONAL**



### SIMPLIFICATION

how to evaluate sources library		Q	EX		Ø	Ļ
금는 FILTER						
Evaluating	Evaluating Sources Western University • 294K views • 7 years ago					
SOURCES BROUGHT TO YOU BY: WESTERM LIBRARIES 2:17	A tutorial describing how to evaluate sources. Brow Research Help CC	ught to you b	y Western Lil	braries. I	Please co	ontact
Source . of O O O . of O O O O O . of O O O O O O . of O O O O O O O O . of O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	How to Evaluate Sources Stanford University Libraries * 34K views * 2 years ago Learn how to evaluate scholarly, popular, and internet sources.					
Evaluating sources	Evaluating Sources   UOW Library UOW Library • 3K views • 1 year ago Evaluate information sources using the CRAAP tes Purpose. Transcript: If you	st: Currency, I	Relevance, Ar	uthority,	Accurac	y, and

### CHARACTERISTICS OF THESE VIDEOS

#### • Decontextualized

#### • Simplified

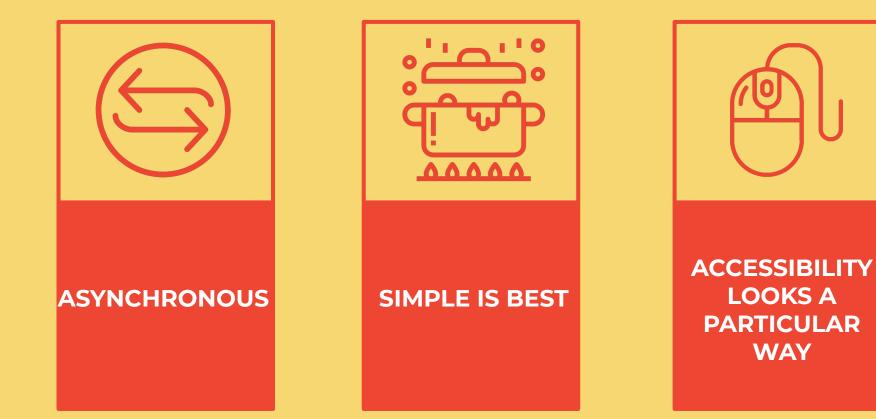
## QUESTIONS TO PONDER

- Is it possible to teach a concept, such as evaluating sources, in a generic way?
- How does context affect the way that we teach these concepts?
- What misconceptions may be created by these videos?
- If we are thinking of integrating these videos at a point-of-need, where is the point of need?



# VIDEOS AND INSTRUCTION

### WHAT ASSUMPTIONS ARE BEING MADE?



### ASYNCHRONOUS

#### VIDEOS AT THE POINT-OF-NEED

VIDEOS CAN REPLACE FACE-TO-FACE INSTRUCTION

## WHAT TENDS TO HAPPEN WITH VIDEOS AT THESE TWO POINTS?

VIDEOS AT THE POINT-OF-NEED (GENERIC, DIRECTIONAL)

VIDEOS CAN REPLACE FACE-TO-FACE INSTRUCTION (SIMPLIFICATION)

### WHERE DO VIDEOS BELONG?

VIDEOS AT THE POINT-OF-NEED (GENERIC, DIRECTIONAL)

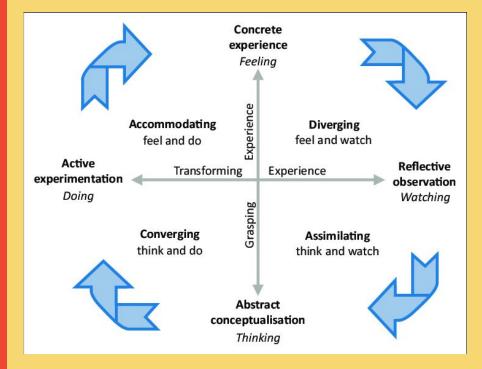
VIDEOS CAN REPLACE FACE-TO-FACE INSTRUCTION (SIMPLIFICATION)

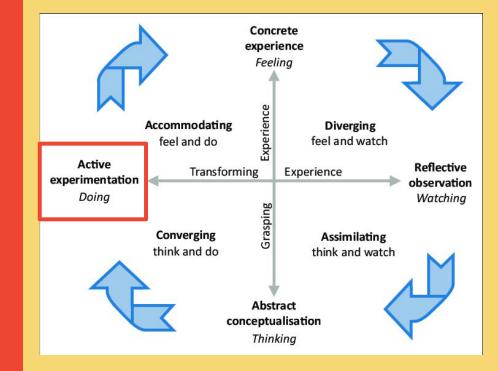
### HOW MIGHT VIDEOS BE USED IN OTHER CONTEXTS INSTRUCTION?

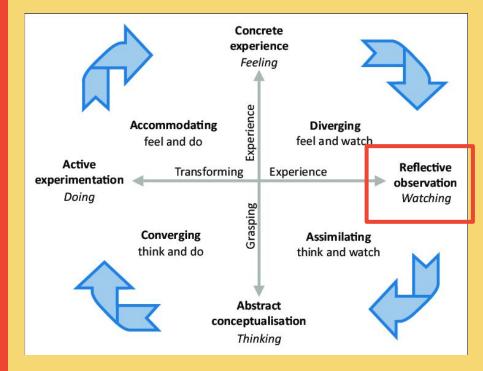
VIDEOS AT THE POINT-OF-NEED (GENERIC, DIRECTIONAL)

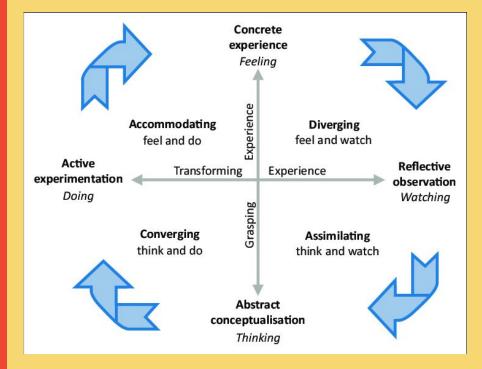
### VIDEOS CAN REPLACE FACE-TO-FACE INSTRUCTION (SIMPLIFICATION)

### SIMPLE IS BEST









## ACCESSIBILITY LOOKS A CERTAIN WAY

- Slow speed
- No jargon
- Simplified

## TO SUMMARIZE...

- Certain best practices for library instructional videos have emerged as common knowledge in LIS
  Length, content, language, speed
- Current best practices operate on assumptions of how and why videos should be used and result in videos that teach very generic skills or simplify complicated concepts.
- Videos and other multimedia materials have the potential to help students learn about complex phenomena, but in order to do so, we must re-evaluate their place within information literacy and the best practices we use to create them